



ALLIANCE
UNIVERSITY

*Private University established in Karnataka State by Act No.34 of year 2010
Recognized by the University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi*

Alliance School of Law

Approved by the Bar Council of India (BCI), New Delhi

MASTER OF LAW
(LL. M.)

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REGULATIONS GOVERNING ONE YEAR POST GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN LAW (LL.M.)

***Preamble** – The Alliance University’s Alliance School of Law (ASL), with a view to impart specialized and detailed knowledge in some socially relevant and professionally useful specific areas of the discipline of law to the graduates of law intend to start post graduate courses in law. It is believed that these specialized courses will also enable lawyers to take up practice in specific areas of law as the legal profession is increasingly moving towards corporatization from existing solo practice. At present ASL under the auspices of the Alliance Centre for Post Graduate Studies (ACPGLS) introduces post graduate degree in law or LL.M. in three areas of specialization, namely (a) Constitutional and Administrative Law, (b) Corporate and Commercial Law, and (c) Intellectual Property Law.*

There is increasing demand for lawyers specialized in the area of Constitutional and Administrative law because there is an enormous increase in the volume of litigation going on between citizens, and the government and its agencies. The objectives of the course are to enhance the competence of lawyers by imparting specialized knowledge and to prepare lawyers to take up cases directly at the High Court level. It is believed that on completion of the course students will be able to practice before High Court confidently.

Modern commerce heavily depends upon law and lawyers and there is a great demand for corporate attorneys in India and abroad. Many companies are recruiting law officers having specialized knowledge in the area of corporate and commercial law. This course intends to prepare students to acquire specialized knowledge to face the challenges in the corporate world.

Today intellectual properties (IP) have a dominant role to play as opposed to natural resources in economic development and social progress. Intellectual properties have acquired international dimensions especially after the establishment of World Trade Organization (WTO) and TRIPS Agreement. There is dearth of IPR lawyers in India and therefore ASL introduces LL.M. course in the area of Intellectual Property Rights (IPR). The course enables the law graduates to acquire specialized and detailed knowledge in the area of IPR and it is believed that the course will also enable them not only to take up IP cases but also to take up employment in corporate sector.

Hence, the following Regulations Governing One Year P.G. Programme in Law (LL.M.) are made and adopted. These regulations are based on UGC guidelines 2012, governing one year LL.M. Programme.

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Master of Law (LL. M.)

The Master of Law degree course prepares graduates at the postgraduate level in legal principles, law, justice and governance while building in them strong research acumen and subject-matter expertise in Constitutional and Administrative Law as well as Corporate and Commercial Law. The pedagogy and learning delivery includes classroom training based on seminars, workshops and research-centric discussions in law.

Pedagogy

The Alliance School of Law is committed to imparting world-class learning in law practice and governance to its key constituents. To fulfill this objective, the curriculum and teaching pedagogy is designed to prepare its graduates in the domestic, international and comparative law subjects. Graduates from the Alliance School of Law study compulsory subjects and choose from an unparalleled range of elective subjects. In addition to subjects on substantive and procedural law, its attorney-graduates also acquire lawyering skills through practical training activities and clinical, legal programs even while they inculcate in themselves sound research and writing skills.

Learning Delivery

- There are three compulsory subjects and one subject from area of specialization, in the first semester and five subjects from area of specialization along with the Dissertation in the second semester.
- Three compulsory subjects is of 3 credit each and Six subjects from area of specialization will be of 2 credit each. Dissertation will be for 3 credits.
- Each credit is equivalent to 15 classroom contact hours and includes practical training classes.
- Alongside classroom hours, a student may also be allotted practical exercises as a part of the curriculum.
- For the award of the degree of LL. M., a student has to successfully complete ten subjects, or the equivalent of 24 credits respectively.

PRELIMINARY

1) Short Title and Commencement

- a. These regulations may be called as the Alliance University Regulations Governing One Year Post Graduate Programme in Law (LL.M.) 2019.
- b. They shall come into effect from the date of approval of the Academic Council of Alliance University.
- c. These regulations shall supersede all existing rules in relation to the Programme leading to the award of the LL. M. degree in Alliance School of Law.

2) Definitions

In This Regulation, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a. “ACPGLS” means the Alliance Center for Post Graduate Legal Studies created under the aegis of ASL.
- b. “The Programme” or “the L.L.M. Programme” refers to the One Year Post Graduate Programme in Law offered by the ACPGLS.
- c. “The School” or “ASL” means the Alliance School of Law, Alliance University.
- d. “The University” means Alliance University.
- e. “This Regulation” means The Regulations Governing One Year Post Graduate Programme in Law (LL.M.) 2019 as from time to time modified, amended or supplemented.

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

1) Duration of the Programme

- a. The duration of the program shall be One Year comprising of two semesters.
- b. Each Semester shall comprise of at least eighteen weeks of teaching / research / practical such that there is a minimum of ninety working days.

2) Medium of Instruction and Evaluation

- a. The medium of instruction and evaluation shall be English.

3) Programme Structure

- a. The students of the LL.M. Programme shall study the courses/ papers/ subjects as may be prescribed by the Board of Studies and approved by the Academic Council of the University from time to time subject to minimum and maximum credits as mentioned in this Regulation.
- b. There shall be two categories of courses/ papers / subjects, namely, Foundation/ Compulsory Courses and Optional / Specialization Courses.
- c. Every student admitted to the LL.M. Programme shall opt for all the compulsory courses and such specialization papers as prescribed in Annexure –I of this
- d. Regulation. The Board of Studies of ASL may prescribe courses and syllabus from time to time.
- e. Every student shall undertake a project work / field work during the second semester leading to Dissertation.

4) Course Details

1. There shall be three areas of specialization, namely, i) Constitutional and Administrative Law ii) Corporate and Commercial Law and iii) Intellectual Property Law, department entirely on “minimum number of students opting” for a specialization. The University may add new areas of specializations from time to time through amendment of this regulation.
2. Students in each stream of specialization are required to pass in nine papers, 3 Compulsory papers of 3 credits each and 6 papers from the area of specialization of 2 credits each and submit a Dissertation of 3 credits.
3. Out of nine papers, students are required to pass the following three compulsory papers and submit a Dissertation. The compulsory papers/ courses are:
 - i. Research Methods and Legal Writing (First semester)
 - ii. Comparative Public Law (First semester)
 - iii. Law and Justice in a Globalizing World (First semester)
4. Students who opt for specialization in Constitutional and Administrative Law shall complete

the following six courses:

- i. Constitutional Governance and Centre State Relations (First semester)
 - ii. Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles (Second semester)
 - iii. Decentralization of Power and Local Self Government (Second semester)
 - iv. Administrative Law (Second semester)
 - v. Service Laws (Second semester)
 - vi. Global Administrative Law (Second semester)
5. Students who opt for specialization in Corporate and Commercial Law shall complete the following six courses:
- i. International Trade Law (First semester)
 - ii. Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility (Second semester)
 - iii. Competition and Investment Law (Second semester)
 - iv. Labour and Employment Law (Second semester)
 - v. ADR and Commercial Arbitration (Second semester)
 - vi. Banking and Insurance Law (Second semester)
6. Students who opt for specialization in Intellectual Property Law shall complete the following six courses:
- i. General Principles of IPR Law and International Protection of IPR (First semester)
 - ii. Intellectual Property Law- I (Copyrights, Industrial Designs and others) (Second semester)
 - iii. Intellectual Property Law- II (Trade Marks and other related rights) (Second semester)
 - iv. Intellectual Property Law- III (Patents and allied rights) (Second semester)
 - v. Cyber and Information Technology Law (Second semester)
 - vi. Biotechnology and the Law (Second semester)
7. The details of syllabus for the above courses/ papers shall be as prescribed in Annexure II of this Regulation.

COURSE STRUCTURE

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SEMESTER I			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Research Methods and Legal Writing	501	3
2	Comparative Public Law / Systems of Governance	502	3
3	Law and Justice in Globalizing World	503	3

SPECIALIZATION I

SEMESTER I			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – CONSTITUTIONAL LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Constitutional Government and Centre State Relations	512	2

SPECIALIZATION II

SEMESTER I			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – CORPORATE AND COMMERCIAL LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	International Trade Law	523	2

SPECIALIZATION III

SEMESTER I			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	General Principles of IPR Law and International Protection of IPR	531	2

SPECIALIZATION IV

SEMESTER I			
Area of Specialization- Criminal Law and Security Law			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration	541	2

SEMESTER II			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Dissertation	504	3

SPECIALIZATION I

SEMESTER II			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – CONSTITUTIONAL LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles	511	2
2	Decentralization of power and local self-Government	513	2
3	Administrative Law	514	2
4	Service Law	515	2
5	Global Administrative Law	517	2

SPECIALIZATION II

SEMESTER II			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – CORPORATE AND COMMERCIAL LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility	521	2
2	Competition and Investment Law	522	2
3	Banking and Insurance Law	526	2
4	Labour and Employment Law	527	2
5	ADR and Commercial Arbitration	528	2

SPECIALIZATION III

SEMESTER II			
AREA OF SPECIALIZATION – INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Intellectual Property Law – I (Copyrights, Industrial Designs and other related Rights)	532	2
2	Intellectual Property Law – II (Trademarks and other related Rights)	533	2
3	Intellectual Property Law – III (Patents and Allied Rights)	534	2

4	Cyber and Information Technology Law	535	2
5	Biotechnology and the Law	536	2

SPECIALIZATION IV

SEMESTER II			
Area of Specialization- Criminal Law and Security Law			
Sl. No.	Subject	Subject Code	Credits
1	Victimology	542	2
2	Criminal Justice and Human Rights	543	2
3	International Criminal Law	544	2
4	Police Law and Administration	545	2
5	Sentences and Sentencing	546	2

SUBJECT DESCRIPTION

Semester I

Core Subjects

501 – Research Methods and Legal Writing

One of the important purposes of post graduate legal education is to inculcate research skills since specialist lawyers have to undertake research in their everyday professional life. Further, those skills enable lawyers and jurists to critically evaluate statutes and judicial decisions. Hence, this course is designed to introduce basics of research to the post graduate students of law.

502 – Comparative Public Law / Systems of Governance

The syllabus aims at introducing basic concepts underlying modern governmental process in different parts of the world. It is now recognized that to understand and appreciate any branch of law knowledge of public law from a comparative perspective is essential. The course attempts to analyze and evaluate basic principles and concepts forming normative and institutional frame work of modern governmental process emphasizing the role of constitutionalism in public law. These concepts have to be analyzed with reference to the provisions of US, UK, EU, French and Indian Constitutions.

503 – Law and Justice in Globalizing World

It is said that we are now living in a global neighborhood, which is not yet global village.

This is the result of the so called “globalization” which refers to those process that tend to create

consolidate a unified economy, a single ecological system, and complex network of communications that covers the whole globe, even if it does not penetrate into every part of it. We find in every discipline studies under the titles global, globalism and globalization but not much in the discipline of law and now it is entering it also. The process of globalization has its own impact on every discipline and this paper or course intends to and its influence on the discipline of law. The purpose is to sensitize students of law about implications of the process of globalization on basic principles, concepts and ideas underlying the discipline of law to name a few, the concept of law itself, justice, human rights and legal process. The thrust is to analyze and evaluate them from a global practice.

Specialization I

Area of Specialization – Constitutional Law and Administrative Law

512 – Constitutional Government and Centre State Relations

This paper is aimed at imparting detailed knowledge relating to the Constitutional structure of Indian government especially its federal nature. It also provides insight into the working of governmental machinery in India.

Specialization II

Area of Specialization – Corporate and Commercial Law

523 – International Trade Law

The trade and commerce is increasingly globalizing and to equip lawyer to take up practice before various international commercial dispute settlement forums this course is introduced. The knowledge of law relating to international trade is essential for corporate attorneys.

Specialization III

Area of Specialization – Intellectual Property Law

531 – General Principles of IPR Law and International Protection of IPR

It is now recognized that Intellectual property is more valuable than material resources. In the recent years a specialized body of law relating to intellectual property is emerging and because of its commercial value every lawyer and especially those who intend to work in the field of business law must have the detailed knowledge of Intellectual Property Law. This paper concentrates on introducing IPR to the students and others, provide detailed information as to intellectual property law.

Specialization IV

Area of Specialization - Criminal and Security Law

541 - Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

This course provides a broad introduction to the Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration and its relevance in contemporary times. Criminology is a very broad discipline that examines the nature of crime and its treatment under the legal mechanism. Criminology focuses on making of laws,

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breaking of laws and reactions towards breaking of laws. The course focuses to evaluate the role of the criminal justice process and discusses the role of the state/criminal law in the regulation of human behaviour and the place and limitations of criminal justice interventions in producing safe societies.

Semester II

Core Subjects

504 - Dissertation

Specialization I

Area of Specialization – Constitutional Law and Administrative Law

511 – Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles

Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles form the essence of the Indian Constitution and every student specializing in Constitutional law must possess detailed knowledge of the developments in this area of law. The primary thrust of the paper/ course is to impart detailed knowledge of the subject and also the necessary skills to evaluate and appreciate the provisions of the Constitution of India relating to Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.

513 – Decentralization of power and local self-Government

With the introduction of the Constitution Seventy Third and Seventy Fourth Amendments, India is moving towards the ideal of direct democracy endowing the local bodies with powers of administration in matters of regional and local importance. This development offers an opportunity to translate Gandhian Concept of Gram Swaraj into reality. It is believed that those specializing in the area of Constitutional and administrative law must have the adequate knowledge of working of local self-government bodies.

514 – Administrative Law

The lawyers practicing at High Courts and the Supreme Court must have the detailed knowledge of administrative law. Day in and day out large number of cases are filed before the court against Government and Administration and to equip lawyers to deal with them effectively this course is prescribed at post graduate level. An attempt is made to avoid those aspects of administrative law that are covered at undergraduate level.

515 – Service Law

India probably leads the world Jurisprudence in the field of civil service law. The volume of litigation between state and its servants shows the importance of teaching and learning service law. Therefore, this course intends to impart specialized knowledge in the field of service law concentrating more on civil service or public service delivery where government or the state is the master. The concept of civil service is undergoing drastic changes and the law is also in a state of flux. Students are expected to compare Civil Service Law with Employment Law which is part of Labour Jurisprudence.

517 – Global Administrative Law

Today, administrative law has moved beyond the narrow domestic, boundaries and has become a global mechanism for regulating global governance. The process of globalization is now reshaping fixed ideologies, norms and boundaries between domestic and international spheres and is changing our conceptions of national and international law and politics. The emerging global administrative law is the law of transparency, participation, review, and above all accountability in global governance. New systems of administrative procedures review mechanisms, and decisional principles have arisen to promote greater accountability in decision making rapidly proliferating global regulatory administrative bodies. This paper intends to introduce global administrative law to the postgraduate students so that they can undertake research in this emerging area of the law.

Specialization II

Area of Specialization – Corporate and Commercial Law

521 – Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility

Those who wish to specialize in Corporate and Commercial Law have to acquire detailed knowledge of Company Law and other laws governing corporate affairs. Therefore to sensitize the students as to the general principles of corporate governance and corporate social responsibility this course is designed. The primary thrust of the course is to understand and appreciate law and policy relating to corporate governance from the point of view of corporate social responsibility.

522 – Competition and Investment Law

Stock markets have become places for embezzlement of public money made through investments. The effective regulation of stock market is essential to protect the interest of investors. There is the need to attract global investors to ensure economic development. The course intends to impart knowledge relating to market economy, need for investment and law and policy regarding investor protection and the like.

526 – Banking and Insurance Law

The Banking and Insurance sectors are undergoing rapid transformation in this era of privatization. Any one specializing in the area of corporate and commercial law must have the special knowledge of law relating to Banking and Insurance. Hence, this course is designed to sensitize students about emerging trends in this area of law.

527 – Labour and Employment Law

Those specializing in the area of Corporate law must have the knowledge of law relating to labour and industrial relations. This paper intends to sensitize students in the area of labour and employment law so that there can be industrial peace and harmony in the society.

528 – ADR and Commercial Arbitration

The primary objective of the course is to enable the students to understand strengths and weakness of various dispute resolution methods. In the recent times judicial adjudication is found to be inappropriate to resolve certain dispute, particularly, commercial and therefore Alternative Dispute Redressal (ADR) is increasingly becoming popular. The even increasing volume of international trade

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disputes and the popularity of arbitration needs special place in corporate and commercial law specialization.

Specialization III

Area of Specialization – Intellectual Property Law

532 – Intellectual Property Law – I (Copyrights, Industrial Designs and other related Rights)

The economic and cultural development of society depends on intellectual resources and this protection depends on the law of copyright. The real intellectual creations are the literary and other related works and knowledge of law relating to copyright is essential for lawyers as the dispute relating to such properties are increasing day by day. This paper aims at imparting detailed knowledge of copyright law form, a comparative perspective.

533 – Intellectual Property Law – II (Trademarks and other related Rights)

One of the earliest known intellectual property is the trademarks and now trademarks occupies the center stage in marketing sector. The knowledge of trademarks is essential to corporate attorneys and those who specialize in this area have ample opportunities in legal profession. This paper has the objective of imparting specialized and detailed knowledge in the field of Trademarks and other related laws.

534 – Intellectual Property Law III (Patent and Allied Rights)

The law of patents is in a state of flux and especially after the TRIPS agreement national patent laws are undergoing radical transformation. The economic importance of patents has increased patent litigations and therefore those specializing in commercial law must possess adequate knowledge of patent law.

535 – Cyber and Information Technology Law

The infringement of intellectual property has increased leaps and bounds due to the emergence of information technology and therefore any one specializing in IPR must have the adequate knowledge of Cyber law. This paper introduces the principles of cyber law to the students.

536 – Biotechnology and the Law

Those specializing in the area of Intellectual Property Law must have the knowledge of biotechnology and its regulations. It is the proliferation of biotechnology and nano technology, living organism's increasingly patented and genetic mutilation through biotechnology has provided both beneficial and harmful effects. Hence, the legal regulation of biotechnology. This subject/ paper introduce students to the emerging area of biotechnology law.

Specialization IV

Area of Specialization – Criminal Law and Security Law

542 - Victimology

Victimology is the study of victims of crime and the effect of crime on their psychological wellbeing. International criminal law is a body of international law that is designed to prohibit certain categories of transnational conduct commonly viewed as serious atrocities and to make perpetrators of such conduct criminally accountable for such perpetration. If the subject matter is broadly classified, it deals with crimes of war and crimes against humanity. This emerging area focuses on the ever forgotten victims of crime and aspects of victim justice. The current course offers an overall understanding of criminal justice from the victim's perspective including compensation to victims. The subject also gives an insightful understanding about the victimization of different vulnerable groups, their causes, impact and the initiatives taken by the government to resolve the issues. This subject also introduces students about the basic concepts and theoretical approach to Victimology and the victimization process.

543 - Criminal Justice and Human Rights

The process of globalization has its own impact on every discipline and this paper or course intends to focus on the Criminal Justice and human rights. The purpose is to sensitize students of law about Criminal Justice System while ensuring that the fundamental right to Life and Personal Liberty is respected save with the authority of law. The subject course examines the international human rights obligations, the national framework of human rights and obligations to ensure the enjoyment of rights within the criminal justice system.

544 - International Criminal Law

The course is designed into five units. The *first* unit deals focuses on introduction to the notions of international criminal justice, including the subject matter and nature of the international crimes, the law thereof and their relationship with the human rights. The *second* unit deals to prosecution under the international criminal justice system. This unit covers the evolution of the international legal framework relating to criminal justice and the nuances of the present regime of international criminal prosecution under the Rome Statute, 1998. The *third* and the *fourth* units deal with the various crimes under the broad head(s) of, (1) war crimes, and (2) the crimes against humanity. The *fifth* unit deals with the prosecution of the perpetrators of international crimes, through the national courts, wherein the international law principles and the processes under the various international instruments are expected to be discussed.

545 - Police Law and Administration

This course encourages a broadened understanding of the nature, role and function of policing in criminal justice system. This course will provide an integrated learning approach to police and legal education that will provide a diverse spectrum of students with the critical mix of professionalism, legal expertise and analytical skills necessary to succeed in justice-related careers. The students will be able to review the principles, objective and functions police agency, from administration and personnel to public relations. This course discusses various socio-psychological topics, such as police-public relationship, weaker section, custodial torture, community policing, professional ethics, stress counseling etc..Throughout the course, the students will learn about contemporary policing and criminal justice processes, with a particular focus on criminal investigation in India. The course highlights some challenges facing policing today, exploring current reforms and what they mean, and looking at the importance of accountability, citizenship and ethics.

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546 - Sentences and Sentencing

In order to practise in the criminal jurisdiction, a sound knowledge of the principles and procedures for sentencing of offenders is essential. The sentencing of offenders is based on statutory and common law rules and criminological theories of punishment of offenders, as well as theories informing rehabilitation and responses to recidivism.

The course on sentencing and sentences would help students develop a critical understanding of the sentencing process and gain an appreciation of the importance of sentencing in the criminal justice system. A substantive examination of sentencing will be presented with extensive reference to the substantive and procedural laws, other legislations, and case laws.

The focus of the course will be on the current sentencing regime with emphasis on sentencing principles and procedure, sentencing options, sentencing policies and rationales. Although this course is based on the principles underlying the sentencing process, there is also considerable emphasis on the practical application of these in the sentencing process.

EXAMINATION AND EVALUATION

1. Evaluation

- a. The evaluation system consists of continuous assessment during the semester known as the During Semester Assessment (DSA) followed by a Semester End Examination (SEE). The final grade for a subject is a combination of the During Semester Assessment (DSA) and Semester End Examination (SEE) for all the subjects other than Dissertation.
- b. The division of the DSA and SEE marks is 50 marks each.

2. Dissertation

The division of marks for the dissertation is as follows:

Criteria	Marks
Submission of Abstract and Regular review discussions with the guide	10
Final Dissertation Report	75
Presentation of the Report & Viva Voce	15
Total	100

3. During Semester Assessment (DSA)

- a. The division of marks for the DSA is as follows:

I. Course Code 501 Research Methods and Legal Writing:

Criteria	Marks	Remarks
One Mid Semester Examination (MSE)	15	Mid Semester Examination for 2 hours duration and 45 marks to be converted to a maximum of 15 marks
Formulating the title	5	
Review of related literature	5	
Scope, Objectives	5	
Hypothesis, Research design	5	
Presentation and Viva	10	
Attendance	5	1 mark for every 5% above 75% of attendance
Total	50	

II. For remaining courses:

Criteria	Marks	Remarks
One Mid Semester Examination (MSE)	15	Mid Semester Examination for 2 hours duration and 45 marks to be converted to a maximum of 15 marks
Two(2) Case analysis	10	Written and Oral presentation
Article/Book Review	10	One Article/Book
Seminar Presentation	5	One Seminar Presentation
Teaching Assignment	5	One Teaching Assignment
Attendance	5	1 mark for every 5% above 75% of attendance
Total	50	

- b. The DSA marks are declared prior to the semester end examinations.

4. Semester End Examination (SEE)

- a. Students must fulfill the minimum requirements of classroom attendance and the DSA marks for each subject to be eligible to take the Semester End Examination of that subject. The minimum requirements are:

Classroom Attendance	:	75%
DSA	:	50% (25marks out of a maximum 50)

- b. A student of L.L.M. must have secured the minimum attendance (75%) in every single subject of a particular semester. A student must also have secured the minimum During Semester Assessment (DSA) marks (which is 50%) in a subject to qualify to take the Semester End Examination (SEE).
- c. In the event a student falls short of the minimum attendance requirement or/and minimum DSA marks requirement in any subject(s) of the semester, the student is disqualified to take the SEE of that subject(s) and will be declared as 'I' (Incomplete) for that subject.. The student, however, can take the SEE of the particular subject(s) for a total of 100% of marks after six months.
- d. There shall be a Semester End Examination conducted by the Alliance Centre for Post Graduate Legal Studies under the supervision of the Board of Examination constituted by the University. The examination shall be for a maximum duration of 3 hours and for a maximum of 100 marks which shall then be converted to a maximum of 50 marks.

5. Completion of a Course

Students must secure a minimum of 50% in the Semester End Examination and 50% in Total (DSA+ SEE) in order to successfully complete (pass) a course / paper / subject.

6. Re-Totaling and Re-Evaluation

- a. Students may apply for re-totaling / re-evaluation within the stipulated time from the day of declaration of the respective semester results.
- b. Re-totaling / re-evaluation provision is not available for DSA components.
- c. Students who have secured an "E" grade may go through the process of re-totaling or re-evaluation before applying for a re-examination.
- d. The outcome of re-totaling will supersede the marks obtained earlier. The marks obtained in the re-totaling will be final.
- e. If there is a difference of more than 15% marks (of the Maximum Marks) between the re-evaluation and the marks awarded earlier, the answer script will be jointly evaluated by both the evaluators and the marks awarded will be considered as re-evaluation marks.

- f. Only if there is a difference of more than 10% marks (of the Maximum Marks) between the marks awarded earlier and the marks awarded in the re-evaluation, then the new marks will be awarded (even if it is lower).
- g. Otherwise, the earlier marks shall be final.

7. Re-Examination for Students Declared as Failed / Absent or Found Guilty of Malpractice

- a. Students who were declared as failed or absent or who was found guilty of malpractice, will be required to write the Semester End Examination which will be conducted once in six months (after the lapse of the debarred period in the case of “Malpractice” cases).

8. Grading System

The following grading system is used for each subject:

SCALE	LETTER GRADE	HONOR POINTS	GRADING
90 – 100%	A+	4.3	Outstanding
80 – 89.9%	A	3.8	Excellent
70-79.9%	A-	3.3	Very Good
60 – 69.9%	B+	2.8	Good
50 – 59.9%	B	2.3	Fair
<50%	F	0.0	Fail

9. Calculation of Grade Point Average

There are two types of Grade Point Averages - Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA).

SGPA is calculated in the following manner. The total marks for a given subject, i.e. the combined DSA and SEE performance, are given as a percentage. For instance, suppose that a student receives 83% in a subject, this percentage is converted into a letter grade using the scale shown in the above table; continuing the example above, 83% would be assigned the letter grade B. This letter grade is then converted into honor points, e.g. letter grade B is equivalent to 3.8 honor points.

10. Recognition of Superior Scholarship

Graduating students with 80% and above weighted percentage of marks graduate from the course with “Distinction”.

11. Additional Information

Issue of Transcripts and Degree:

- a. Transcripts will be issued to the students at the end of each semester
- b. It is the responsibility of the student to collect the transcript of each and every semester within the stipulated time
- c. Total credits, honor points, maximum marks, obtained marks, SGPA, CGPA and Weighted percentage of marks will be shown on the transcript
- d. Students will get additional transcript(s) for the subject(s) in which they failed when they appear. These transcripts will indicate revised marks, Honor Points, SGPA and CGPA
- e. Students will be issued a Consolidated Transcript on completion of the course
- f. In case of any loss of original document issued by the University, duplicate documents will be issued to the student on payment of the requisite fee and fulfilling prescribed formalities
- g. Result will be mentioned on the transcripts with the following indicators:

TRANSCRIPT KEY	
ABBREVIATION	KEY
P	PASS
AB	ABSENT
F	FAIL
I	INCOMPLETE

12. Award of Degree

A student will be eligible for the award of L.L.M. degree only when he/she has successfully completed all the prescribed courses. The CGPA at the end of the program reflects the cumulative academic performance across both the semesters.

13. Maximum Duration allowed for Program Completion

The duration for the L.L.M. course is one year.

A student who for whatever reasons is not able to complete the programme within the normal period or the minimum duration prescribed for the programme, may be allowed two years period beyond the normal period to clear the backlog to be qualified for the degree.

In exceptional circumstances a further extension of one more year may be granted subject to re-registration. Such students will have to re-register for the program by paying re-registration fee as stipulated by the University.

14. Disenrollment from the University

If a student disenrolls from the University, he or she must submit an official request to the Registrar.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

1. Miscellaneous
 - a. The University may issue such orders, instructions, and prescribe such procedures and formats as it may deem fit to implement the provisions of these regulations.
 - b. If any difficulties arise during implementation of these regulations the decision of the Chancellor of the University shall be final.

Date:

The Registrar
Alliance University
Bengaluru

Dear Sir,

UNDERTAKING

I.....have been admitted to the Master of Law Degree Program (LL. M.) of.....batch.

I have carefully read all the Guidelines and Regulations as prescribed in the Course Catalogue regarding various aspects of the program including the rules governing academic requirement, computer lab, library, attendance, fee payment, hostel, general discipline and anti-ragging measures.

I hereby sign this undertaking and agree to follow and abide by the University Guidelines and Regulations prescribed in this booklet as well as those prescribed elsewhere.

I further undertake that in the event of a failure on my part to follow any of the rules or regulations or guidelines, the University may initiate any action against me, including the termination from the program.

Signature of the Student

Date:

Name:

Permanent Address:

Email:

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